1872 Rummel House White the second of the s

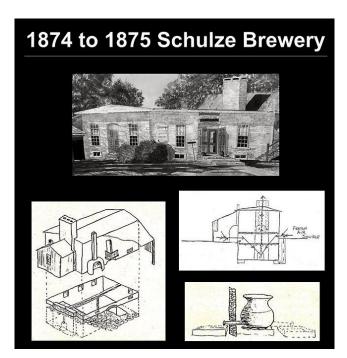
For \$800.00 Carl Wilhelm Rummel Jr. purchased 9.8 acres on which the house is located. From 1872 until 1916 it was owned by the Rummels.

The Rummel family arrived in Texas on board the ship "Neptune" in 1848. The family included the elder Carl Wilhelm (1812—1867), his wife Caroline, a daughter Emma, and a son, Carl Wilhelm Jr.

Wilhelm Jr. and Clara reared a family of six children, three boys and three girls, in Round Top. They are buried in the Bethlehem Lutheran Church Cemetery.

206 W. Mill Street





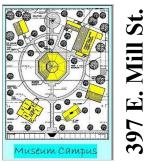
The building was built with a large cellar which was used as a brewery while the Schulze family lived in quarters upstairs. Two large copper vats were filled with water with ground barley added. The vats would be heated to make beer.

204 E. Mill Street

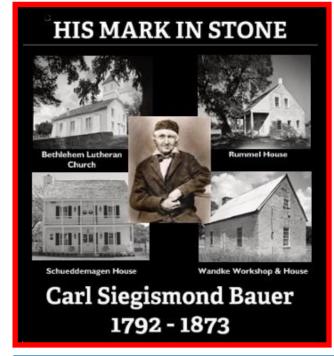


Round Top Area Historical Society





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Round Top Area
Historical Society

Presents
Our Historical
Stone Building
Collection

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The church was built of native limestone for \$2,400 dollars. This amount was collected through free will offerings and this debt was paid within a few years.

Pastor Neuthard supplied the spiritual and educational needs of the Round Top community for 41 years. He died February 6, 1902 and was buried in the Church cemetery.

A boarding school was built in 1858 next to where the church would be built in 1866. The school was in use until it was demolished in 1938.

412 S. White Street





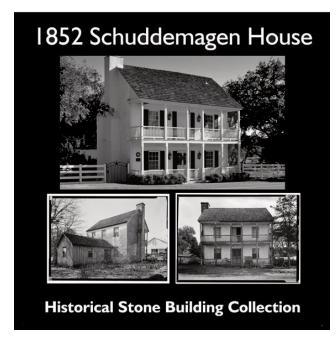
This stone building was erected as a workshop and living quarters for Traugott Wandke until his passing on December 21, 1870.

The ground floor was his workshop where he built seven pipe organs and other furniture. The second floor was his home.

In 1866 when in his mid-fifties, Wandke the master pipe organ builder began work on the largest of the pipe organs he built in the loft of the Bethlehem Lutheran Church in Round Top.

112 Bauer Rummel Road

Bodily functions were taken care of in a small building behind the main house called an "outhouse".



The house was built by Carl Siegismund Bauer for his daughter and son-in-law. Wilhelmine and Conrad Schuddemagen. It is situated in Round Top on a hill overlooking Cummins Creek.

It is one of the oldest houses in Round Top and was honored as a Texas Historic Landmark in 1965. The house is a replica of the builder's home in Saxony, Germany, showing Teutonic influence.

301 S. Washington Street



Homes built in this time period had no plumbing or electricity. Kitchens were usually in a separate building behind the home for fire safety reasons.